



## INSTRUCTION FOR INSTALLATION AND MAINTENANCE

### CONTROL VALVE, SHUT-OFF VALVE in seismic-proof design

RV/UV  
320 až 332 SP  
PM - 099/18/04/GB

The instructions for installation and maintenance of valves RV/UV 320 SP to 332 SP are binding for users to ensure proper function of valves. The user must keep the rules said here while installation, operation and maintenance. Technical details of individual type are specified in catalogue data sheets. If the usage of the valves is different from mentioned herein, the guarantee terms are not valid any more.

This instructions are valid for these products

**RV/UV 320 SP, RV/UV 330 SP** ... two-way, control/shut-off valve, straight-through

**RV 322 SP, RV 332 SP** ... two-way valve with pressure-balanced plug, straight-through

This instruction does not include instructions for installation and operating of actuators and accessories. These are mentioned in instructions issued by manufacturers of actuators and are part of delivery. In case of need it is possible to obtain them from the supplier.

#### 1. Description and application

The valve was manufactured and tested in accordance with ISO 9001 standard (Quality management systems Requirements).

##### 1.1 Description

Control valves and shut-off valves are designed to control and/or shut off the flow of fluids, compatible with material of valve's body and trim in applications, where the seismic-proof equipment is required.

The body is optimally made of cast steel, cast stainless steel, inner parts are made of high quality stainless steel. Flow characteristics, Kvs values and leakage rate correspond to international standards.

The valves are able to keep theirs integrity during and after and functionality after the earthquake event with response spectra up to 30 m/sec<sup>2</sup>, in all directions and in the range 0 to 33 Hz. I.e., the valves are suitable for areas where the earthquake event up to maximum seismic intensity division IX of European macroseismic scale EMS-98 or seismic intensity degree IX of MSK-64 scale is expected. The valves also meet the design criteria of Seismic category 1b according to Russian Directive OTT 87/91 for the valves used in nuclear energy.

##### 1.2 Operating conditions

Valves should be operated under the condition, which were considered during their selection (type, dimension, materials etc.) In case of different working conditions ask the manufacturer for review/confirmation of suitability.

#### Recommended strainer dimmensions:

For reliable function of the valves, the producer recommends to install the filter of mechanical impurities.

Installation of the filter is necessary for valve with micro-throttling system ( $K_{vs} \leq 0.16$ ).

DN, Type	Recommended maximum mesh size
DN 15-25, $K_{vs} \leq 0,16$	0,25 mm
DN 15-65	0,6 mm
DN 80-200	1,0 mm
DN 250-400	1,6 mm

#### 2. Installation

Valve has to be installed and commissioned by qualified person! Qualified person is a person acquainted with installation, commissioning and manipulation herewith product, and which is qualified in respective disciplines. As well he must be for-educated about health protection and safety at work.

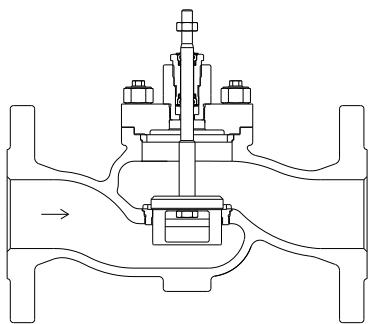
##### 2.1 Preparation before installation

The valves are delivered completely assembled, adjusted and tested. Prior to the valve installation, it is necessary to compare the data on the valve tag with data from accompanying documents. The protective blinds must be removed from the valve. The valves shall be inspected against mechanical damage or impurities, especially in the inner area and on sealing flanges. Also the piping system shall be cleared from all impurities that could cause damage of seat/plug sealing surface and thus cause a loss of tightness of the valve.

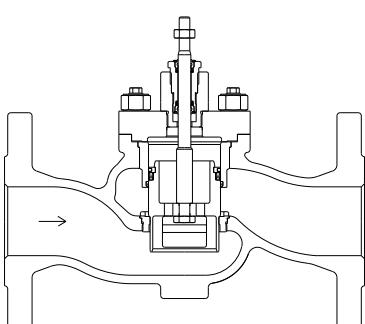
## 2.2 Installation of valve into pipeline

The valve must be installed in such direction, that the arrows on the valve body correspond to the process medium flow.

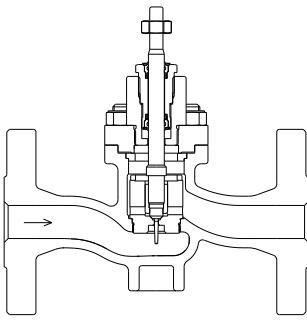
**RV 3x0 SP**



**RV 3x2 SP**



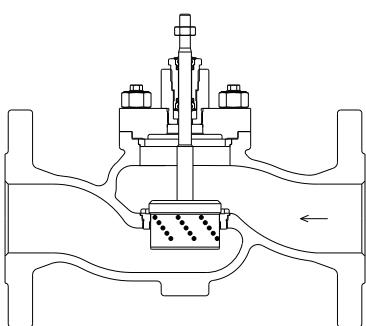
**RV 3x0 SP micro**



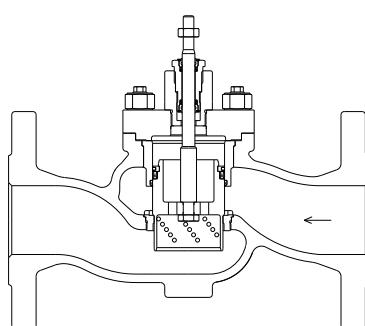
Pic.1: Flow direction for two-way valve with V-ported or contour plug

RV 3xx xxx xxxx Lx xx/xxx-xxx SP (Char. **L; R; P; S; U**)

**RV 3x0 SP**



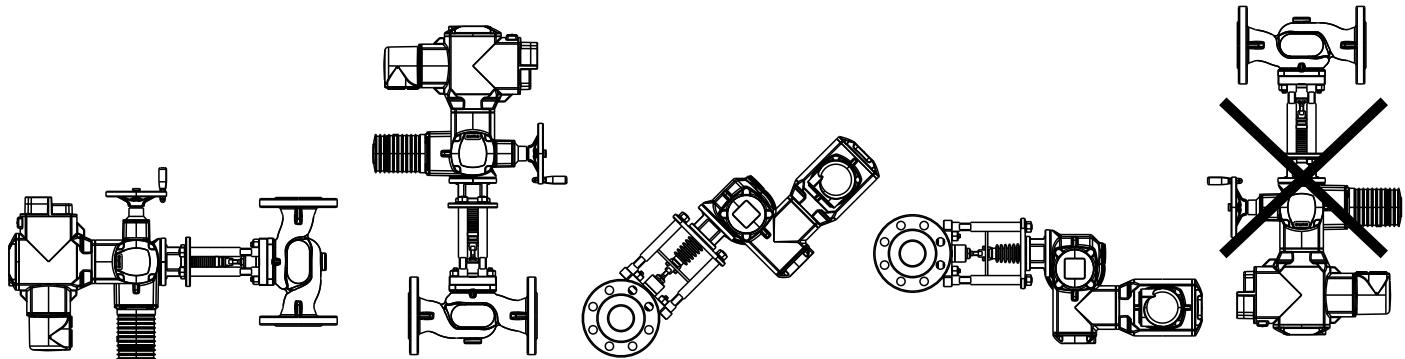
**RV 3x2 SP**



Pic.2: Flow direction for valve with perforated plug

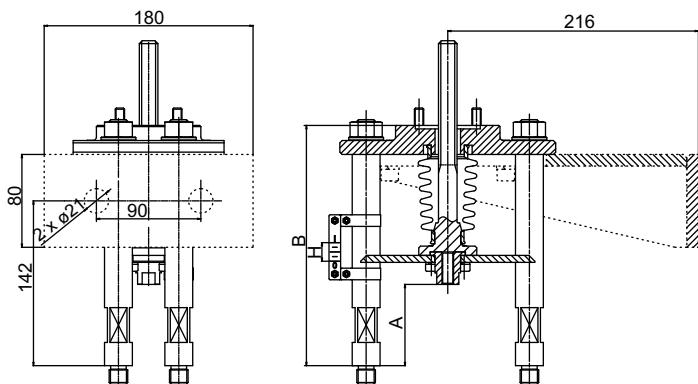
RV 3xx xxx xxxx Dx xx/xxx-xxx SP (Char. **D; Z; Q**)

The valves **DN 15-150** can be installed in any way except the position, when the actuator is under the valve body. In case the stem of the valve is positioned horizontally, the actuator must be turned so that the columns of the actuator are positioned above each other. In operating the valve with high temperature medium, it is necessary to protect the actuator against excessive heat exposure, for example by tilting it from vertical direction and carefully insulate the pipeline. In case the valve is mounted in vertical or in horizontal pipeline with actuator being positioned vertically, the flexible support or hanging of the actuator is necessary, picture 7.



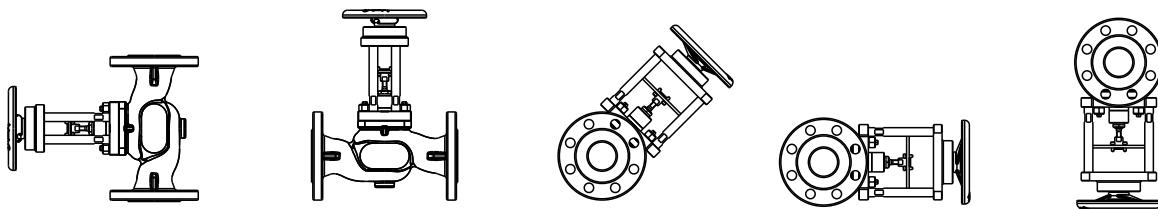
Pic. 3: Installation position for valves with electro actuators

The dimensions DN15 to 25, except the DN25 with actuator AUMA SAR 07.2 Norm (maximal weight 24,3kgs), it is necessary to fix the valve to wall/structure via bracket, see picture 4. The bracket is part of delivery.



Pic.4: Fixing bracket for DN15 to 25 valves.

For the valves equipped by hand-wheel any installation position is allowed/suitable.



Pic. 5: Installation position for valves with hand wheel

For the valves DN200 and greater, the basic working position, i.e. vertical stem and actuator above the valve, is strictly recommended, regarding the operation and maintenance purposes.

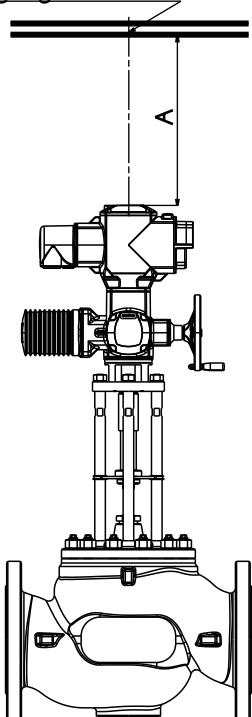
If necessary, the other positions are possible (see pic.3 and 5) but, in case of valve dismantling from the pipeline for the repairs, the additional expenses for dismantling and back installation aren't in the scope of warranty and must be paid by customer as extra money. It's necessary to support or hang the valve in all positions except the basic one (see pic.7). The pipeline and valve's body must be properly insulated in case of high temperature medium. Opposite to it, the actuator yoke/columns and the actuator itself must be insulation free, to keep the surface/ambient temperature in the limits given by the actuator producer.

**The valves operated with medium temperatures below 0°C, must be installed in basic position, i.e. the actuator or hand wheel is above the valve body (condition valid for all DN).**

The valve must be installed with proper space around (esp. below and above), for the maintenance and other activities linked with valve operation. For the valves DN100 and greater, the clearance above the valve and suspension for lifting device must be provided, see pic.6.

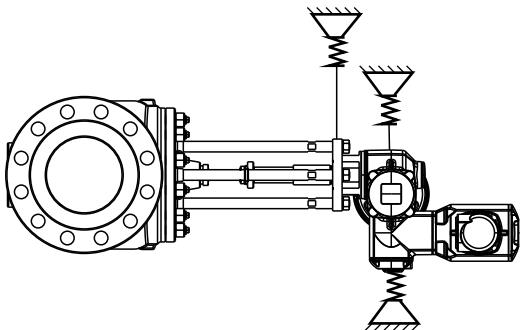
DN	A (minimum distance for disassembly)
DN 15-80	500 mm
DN 100-200	1500 mm, with suspension
DN 250-400	2000 mm, with suspension

Beam, lifting lug



Pic.6: Minimum space above the valve

For valve is advisable the **actuator flexibly** support in all accessible mounting positions.



Pic.7: Recommended fixing points

**For proper function of control valve, below-mentioned instructions must be obeyed**

- the valve can not be installed just behind the pipe bend. Pipeline should be straight min.6x DN in front of the valve.
- piping reduction prior and behind the valve should be smooth and gentle (recommended slope regarding the pipeline axis is from 12 to 15°) and max. two dimensions difference between the valve and pipeline is allowed.
- no excessive forces can be transferred from pipeline to valve
- to guarantee seismic resistance of valve, the inlet and outlet pipeline must be fixed as close to valve as possible. Maximal distance is 1x DN from the flange/weld end.
- the installation itself shall be carried out carefully with alternate tightening of the screws so as to prevent tension.

In case of pipeline cleaning (flushing, outblowing) the valve must be replaced by appropriate pipe spacer!

## **2.3 Electric actuator installation**

These work may be carried out by trained personnel only. It is necessary to keep all safety rules relating to electric machines. Further it is necessary to follow instructions for installation, operation and maintenance of electric actuators issued by the producer. Position transmitter and signalisation switches, if part of delivery, are positioned under the actuator cover.

Before valve commissioning, the data, given in the actuator ID plate (especially supply voltage and voltage of control signal), should be checked/compared with given specification and verify, that the actuator can be connected to superordinate regulator.

Regarding the fact the valve is delivered with its actuator as a complet, the basic adjusting is carried out. Closed position is adjusted with torque switch, so that the valve is tightly closed. Open position is adjusted with position limit switch.

In case the actuator was removed from the valve, it is necessary to check this setting or set the actuator once again. The producer does not take over the damage caused by wrong setting of the actuator. In case of need, the assistance of our subsidiary LDM Service can be required.

The length of the actuator's cables shall be selected so that the actuator can be removed from the valve without disconnection from the terminal board.

**WARNING:** It's necessary to observe the mechanical stroke indicator placed at actuator's joke or directly at the electromotor, if the valve is operated (opened or closed) by hand wheel. The extra care must be taken near to OPEN and CLOSE position. Neither position nor torque switches are in function in such case and there is a danger of valve or actuator serious damage. It's strongly prohibited to use any mechanical tools (force boosters) for hand wheel operation.

## **2.4 Checking after installation**

Piping system should be pressured after valve installation and the checked if there is not leak. Check the packing set tightness as well. Then check the proper function of actuator by doing a few strokes.

## **3. Operating and Maintenance**

### **3.1 Packing set**

In case the valves are equipped with sealings made of PTFE, the packing does not require any maintenance and packing screw cannot be tightened. If the leakage occurs, the complete packing set shall be replaced. If the packing rings are made of graphite, the sealing material gets worn and in case of any leakage it is necessary to tighten the packing screw, possibly add new sealing ring. Graphite packing shall be tightened successively by 1/4 of turn only to achieving the tightness again.

### **3.2 Exchange of packing set**

If there is need to exchange the packing set because of high leakage, first the actuator must be dismantled and then the packing screw must be screwed out. **The pipeline may not be under pressure during changing of packing set.** After this, there is need to check the state of spindle surface and clean the inside of the packing box. The surface of spindle must be smooth and not damaged. If necessary, the spindle must be exchanged. Packing set is filled, by the producer, with a special lubricant acc. to the type of used packing. Such lubricant ensures the proper function of the packing rings within their service life. **The spindle may not be greased during the operation!**

After exchange of packing set, the packing screw must be tightened:

- firmly to the bottom of gland box when PTFE is used
- to press the packing set about 10% of the height when graphite rings are used

After installation of actuator, there is necessary to make test as in 2.4.

### **3.3 Maintenance of actuators**

During operating and maintenance of the acutators, it is necessary to follow the instructions issued by the producer of the actuators. If a defect is detected, follow the mounting instructions or ask for assistance of trained personnel from LDM service. The temperature of the actuator surface cannot exceed the value specified by the producer of actuator.

### **3.4 Elimination of defects and malfunctions**

If a defect is detected on the valve (leakage, leakage of packing or bonnet sealing, etc.), it is necessary to ensure its repair immediately otherwise a permanent damage may occur to sealing surfaces and other parts exposed to effects of leaking medium. **Prior to any repair work on the valve, make sure that piping system is free of pressure!**

### **3.5 It's strictly recommended to carry out visual inspection and functional test of valve after seismic event.**

Defect	Possible cause	Elimination of defect
Valve leakage	- higher $\Delta p_{max}$ than recommended for given type of the valve	- lower the diff. pressure value on the valve - use stronger actuator - use pressure-balanced valve
	- insufficient linear force of the actuator	- check the function and setting of the actuator possibly positioner
	- seizure of impurity in seat area	- open and close the valve fully
	- damaged sealing surfaces of the plug and seat	- it is necessary to lap plug and seat or replace damaged parts - requires trained personnel
Packing leakage	- sealing force of graphite packing is too low	- tighten the graphite packing or add another sealing ring (see 3.1)
	- packing is worn or damaged	- change the whole packing set (see 3.2)
	- damaged stem	- replace packing and stem - requires trained personnel
Leakage of bonnet / extension	- low adherence pressure to gasket - damaged gasket	- tighten screws - to change gasket
Leakage of body	- damage caused by aggressiveness, abrasion, or erosion of media	- it si need to change of body - trained personnel required
Stem won't move	- no supply to actuator	- electric actuators: check supply and feeding voltage - pneumatic actuators: check supply and feeding pressure
	- actuator control signal failure	- measure the value of input control signal
	- the defect of actuator or its accessories	- follow the instructions for actuator or require trained personnel
	- graphite packing tightened too much	- loosen the packing and retighten it just to ensure tightness
	- seizure inside the valve due to impurities	- it is necessary to dismantle the valve and replace damaged parts - trained personnel required
Stem jerky movement	- insufficient actuator force	- compare parametres of the product with the real parametres - if OK, ensure responsible service personnel
	- damaged positioner	- follow the instructions issued by its producer, possibly ensure trained service personnel
Valve won't move in full range of its stroke	- wrong setting of end position switches	- check the setting of the switches
	- pneumatic and electrohydraulic actuators: hand wheel got stuck in wrong position	- adjust the hand wheel into its basic position
	- pneumatic actuators: feeding pressure is too low	- ensure the required pressure of supply air
	- pneumatic actuators wrongly adjusted or defected positioner	- readjust the positioner acc. to instructions issued by its producer
	- impurities inside the valve	- close and open the valve fully, possibly ensure trained service personnel

If the valve is in guarantee period, it is necessary to ensure authorised service for all service except tightening of graphite packing!

### 3.6 Spare parts

Spare parts are not part of valve delivery. They must be ordered separately. For the spare parts order, following data must be written: type of a valve, nominal diameter DN, Serial valve's number, name of a spare part.

Recommend spare parts for 3 and 5 years of operation:

	Díly pro 3-letý provoz	Additional parts for 5 years of operation *)
<b>RV 3x0</b>	- packing set (stuffing box complete) - cover gasket	- stem - seat - plug
<b>RV 3x2</b> Packing ring material FOA	- packing set (stuffing box complete) - cover gasket - plug's gasket (FOA ring)	- stem - seat - plug with wiping and safety ring - plug's guide with wiping ring
<b>RV 3x2</b> Packing ring material HASTELLOY C22	- packing set (stuffing box complete) - cover gasket	- stem - seat - plug with wiping rings - plug's sealing (HASTELLOY C22 ring) - plug's guide with insert and spacer ring

\*) It's recommended for 5-years spare parts ordering to order 2 sets for 3-years operation and 1 set of additional parts for 5-years operation.

### 4. Guarantee conditions

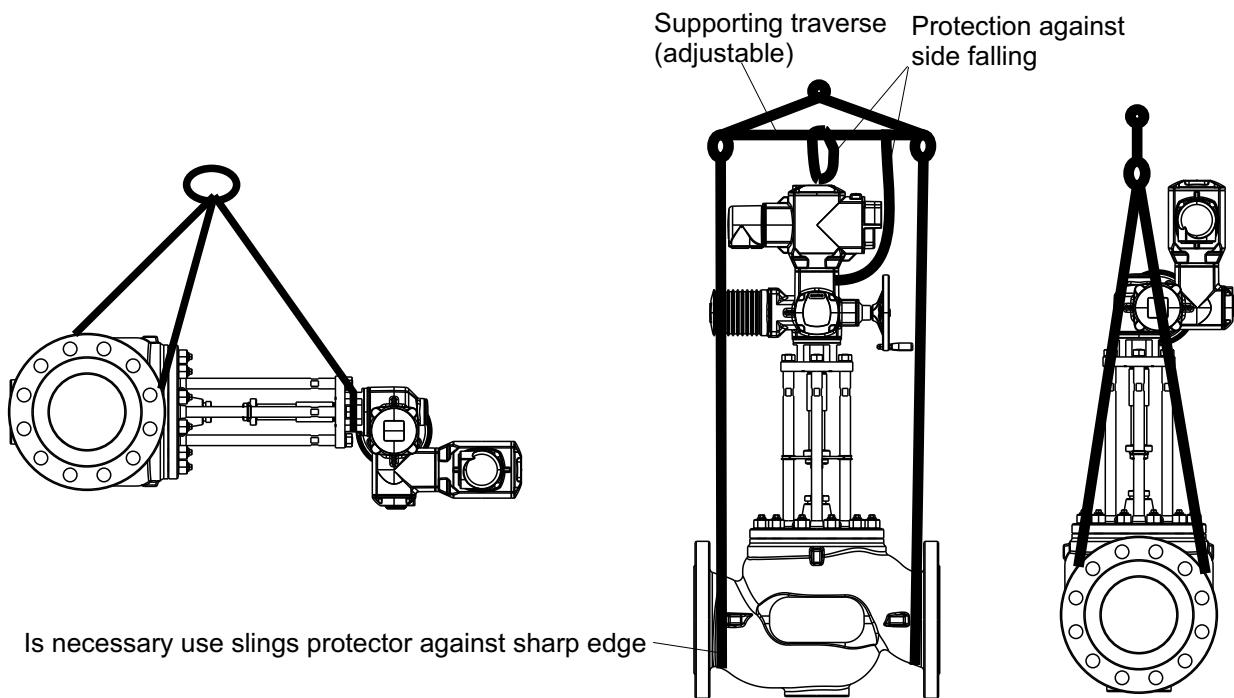
The producer does not guarantee the operation and safety of the product under conditions different from data given in the catalogue data sheet. Any using of the valve under different conditions shall be consulted with the producer. Defects of the valve caused by impurities in process medium shall be considered as out of guarantee terms. The producer does not take over the guarantee if any change was made by the user without prior written consent from the producer (except the packing tightening).

## 5. Transportation and storage

During transport and storage, the valve must not be exposed to water or placed in environment with relative humidity exceeding 90 %.

With respect to used actuators, the temperature during transport and storage shall be within the range of -20 to 55°C. Flanges (weld ends) must be protected with blinds (these are part of delivery).

Suitable tools/devices should be used for valve lifting during the transport and installation (e.g. lifting harness enwinded around flanges (weld ends), actuator yoke etc.). **Never lift the valve by the lifting device fixed on the actuator only!**



Pic. 8: Example of lifting device usage.

It is necessary to make sure the valve can not be damaged during transport. **Special attention shall be paid to the valve stem, stroke indicator and outside accessories fixed to the actuator.** If the valves are stored for more than 3 years, the producer recommends to carry out professional inspection of the valves.

## 6. Waste disposal

Packaging and the valves (after their scrapping) shall be disposed off in the common way, e.g. by handing over to a specialized company for a disposal (body and metal parts - metal scrap, packaging + other non-metallic parts - communal waste).

## 7. Maximum permissible working pressure according to EN 12516-1[bar]

Material	PN	Temperature [°C]													
		RT <sup>1)</sup>	100	150	200	250	300	350	375	400	425	450	475	500	550
1.0619	40	40.0	37.4	35.5	33.6	30.7	27.8	25.9	25.0	24.0	20.8	14.7	---	---	---
	63	63.0	59.0	55.9	52.9	48.4	43.8	40.8	39.3	37.8	32.7	23.2	---	---	---
1.7357	40	40.0	40.0	40.0	40.0	40.0	40.0	37.3	35.9	34.1	32.7	31.5	29.5	25.0	11.7
	63	63.0	63.0	63.0	63.0	63.0	63.0	58.7	56.5	53.8	51.4	49.7	46.5	39.3	18.5
1.4581	40	40.0	40.0	38.6	35.8	34.2	32.5	30.8	30.0	29.1	28.6	28.0	27.4	26.3	---
	63	63.0	63.0	60.9	56.4	53.8	51.2	48.5	47.2	45.9	45.0	44.1	43.2	41.5	---
1.4308	40	40.0	37.0	32.5	28.0	26.3	24.6	22.8	22.3	21.7	21.2	20.6	20.2	19.7	17.7
	63	63.0	58.2	51.2	44.1	41.5	38.8	36.0	35.1	34.2	33.3	32.5	31.8	31.0	27.9
1.4309	40	40.0	37.0	33.0	29.1	26.9	24.6	22.4	---	---	---	---	---	---	---
	63	63.0	58.2	52.0	45.9	42.3	38.8	35.3	---	---	---	---	---	---	---
1.6220	40	40.0	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---
	63	63.0	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---

<sup>1)</sup> -10°C to 50°C



CE 1015 EAC



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